# Flight Testing of Weather Data Exchange Using the 1090 Extended Squitter (1090ES) and VDL Mode 3 Data Links

**ICNS Briefing** 

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#### **Commercial Transport Goal**

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The specific goal of the Commercial Transport task area is to develop a weather dissemination capability for commercial transport aircraft within a national network that includes:

- Transmission of on-board sensed turbulence information to ground users and between aircraft.
- Broadcast graphical weather products to the pilot.

#### **Architecture Design**



- Due to the near-term focus of the WINCOMM project it was necessary to select datalinks that already reside on commercial transport aircraft or were on a path for installation in the near future.
- No single datalink can currently satisfy the project requirements for air-to-air, ground-to-air broadcast, and air-to-ground two-way communication to this class of aircraft. It was therefore necessary to design a hybrid communication architecture to meet the project objectives

#### **Objectives**

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Demonstrate a path to implementation for the following value added objectives:

- Dissemination of data from own ship turbulence events to other aircraft and ground users.
- Receive, process and deliver valid turbulence warnings to the cockpit from other equipped aircraft.
- Receive and display Flight Information Service Broadcast (FIS-B) ground-air weather products.

# Objectives 1&2

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- Dissemination of data from own ship turbulence events to other aircraft and ground users.
- Receive, process and deliver valid turbulence warnings to the cockpit from other equipped aircraft.

#### Need an Air-to-Air link

#### Air-to-Air

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A natural match for air-to-air communication is one of the Automatic Dependent Surveillance Broadcast (ADS-B) links.

- On July 1, 2002, the FAA announced the ADS-B link decision [5], selecting the 1090 Extended Squitter link for air carrier and private/commercial operators of high performance aircraft

1090ES datalink was selected by WINCOMM to fulfill the air-to-air datalink requirements for the transmission of turbulence alerts.

# Turbulence Alert Message

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- The turbulence alert message will consist of the following parameters:
  - 1. Time
  - 2. Latitude
  - 3. Longitude
  - 4. Altitude
  - 5. Processed Normal Load
  - 6. Processed Aircraft Constant
- Standard ADS-B messages already contain the first four parameters, it is only necessary to broadcast two additional parameters. These two additional parameters are each eight bits long, totaling an additional 16 bits to be transmitted. The additional parameters will be formatted as a payload to a standard ADS-B message, in compliance with DO–260

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# Turbulence Alert Message

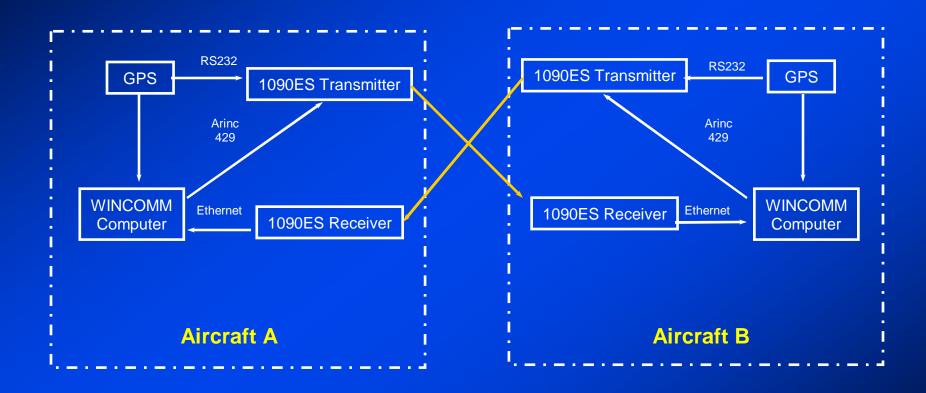


- •In compliance with DO-260, with a downlink format (DF) of 17 (standard for ADS-B messages over 1090ES.
- Uses the test type code (23), and BDS codes 4 & 5 (already designated in ICAO Annex 10, Volume II, as Meterological Hazard Report).
- The messages are sent as encountered turbulence exceeds one of three thresholds, but is never transmitted at a rate greater then once per 60 seconds. (For testing purposes a message is sent every 60 seconds.)

1 2 3 4 5	MSB 1 0 FORMAT TYPE CODE = 23 (TEST) 1 1 LSB 1
6 7 8	1 SUBTYPE CODE = 6 1 0
9 1 0 1 1 2	MSB  Load-Based Parameter
1	LSB
שרוא השטים ס מאימה השתם	MSB Aircraft Constant
0	LSB
אידינא התאני	Pad with Zeros
3	

#### 1090ES Data Flow





#### **Lab Testing**

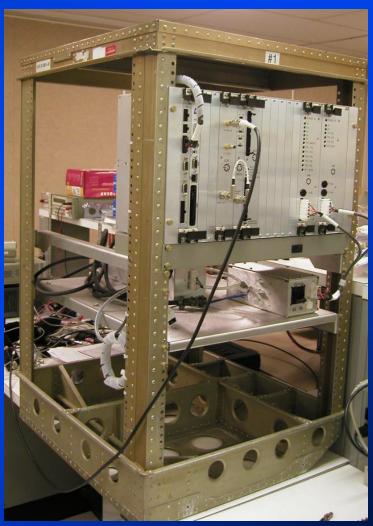


- Laboratory Testing for 1090ES was conducted at both Sensis Corp., and at NASA GRC.
- Testing utilized the Honeywell KT-73 transponder, connected to an altitude encoder test device, and to a computer via ARINC 429 for transmitting the turbulence alert messages. The Sensis 1090ES Receiver equipment was mounted in a flight rack, and cabled to the KT-73. Messages were successfully transmitted between the KT-73 and the 1090ES Remote Unit, under multiple attenuation levels.

# 1090ES Equipment







## 1090ES Flight Testing



- Flights will be conducted in a convenient area of the continental U.S., as determined by the spectrum approval of the FAA.
- No turbulence encounters will be sought out. Turbulence alert test messages will be transmitted in order to effectively utilize flight time.
- The flights will consist of flying two aircraft at various ranges in order to perform limited testing of effective reception of turbulence alert messages.
- Data files will be collected on both aircraft racks to verify transmission and reception of turbulence alert messages.

## Objective 1&3



- Dissemination of data from own ship turbulence events to other aircraft and ground users.
- Receive and display Flight Information Service Broadcast (FIS-B) ground-air weather products.
- This objective requires at a minimum a ground-to-air broadcast link. WINCOMM's experiments will also include an air-to-ground request message, in order to facilitate the broadcast of additional value-added weather products, and a reliable air-ground turbulence alert message.
- With the additional requirements we now need a bi-directional air-to ground datalink.

#### **Bi-Directional Air-Ground link**



- VDL Mode 3 was the datalink chosen to meet WINCOMMs requirement of a reliable air to ground link.
- For these tests we utilized a 2V2D configuration, with one data channel utilized for weather information communication. A voice channel was utilized during flight testing to enable air-ground coordination.
- TCP/IP was utilized over this link, as the network and transport mechanisms for data transfer. The precedence field within the IP header was mapped to VDL-3 priority levels, to give the weather messages lower priority than other traffic over the link.

#### VDL Mode 3 Messages



- Reliable Air-ground turbulence messages
- Reliable Air-ground message for requesting additional graphical weather products
- Broadcast Ground-Air FIS-B weather products

#### Air-Ground Turbulence Message



- The turbulence message will consist of the following parameters:
  - 1. Time
  - 2. Latitude
  - 3. Longitude
  - 4. Altitude
  - 5. Aircraft Weight
  - 6. Airspeed
  - 7. Mach Number
  - 8. Processed Normal Load
  - 9. Processed Aircraft Constant
- Additional parameters are required beyond those in the turbulence alert message, to allow ground processing of the downlinked messages to be assimilated into weather prediction models and a future national turbulence weather product.

# Air-Ground Request Message

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• In order to allow pilots to request graphical weather products which may not be part of the standard weather product set, a request message will be transmitted to schedule the uplink of the desired product. This requested product will be transmitted as the channel is available.

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#### **Ground-Air Weather Products**

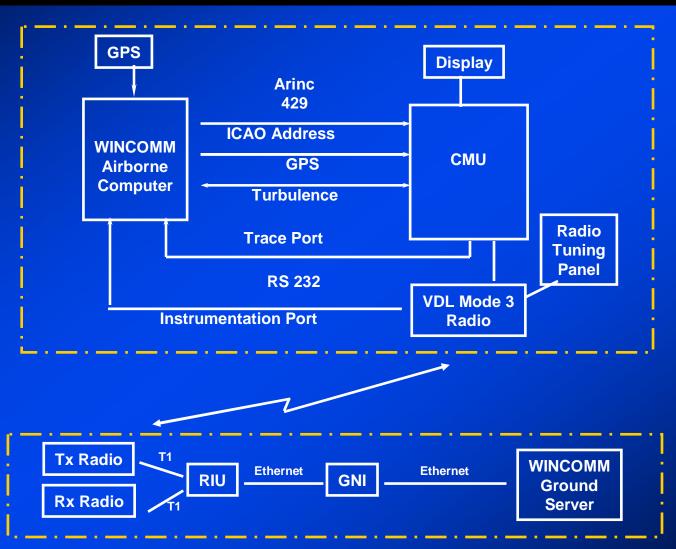


- For the purposes of the WINCOMM project, the broadcast FIS-B messages consist of the adjacent weather products. These products conform to DO-267 (FIS-B MASPS).
- In addition to the standard products, the pilot requested messages will be transmitted as requested and as the channel is available

Standard Products	Size (Bytes)
METARs, SPECIs	4,293
SIGMETs, Convective SIGMETs,	
AIRMETs, Severe Weather Forecast Alerts	2,544
TAFs	2,977
PIREPs	2,005
Graphical NexRad	899
Graphical Tops/Movement	1,527
Graphical Weather Depiction	2,220
Requested Products	Size (Bytes)
Graphical Winds/Temps, FL24	2,177
Graphical Winds/Temps, FL30	2,238
Graphical Winds/Temps, FL34	2,311
Graphical Turbulence, FL05	923
Graphical Turbulence, FL24	1,074
Graphical Turbulence, FL30	1,256
Graphical Turbulence, FL34	983
Graphical lcing, FL24	1,021
Graphical lcing, FL30	723
Graphical NexRad, Region: Northwest	401
Graphical NexRad, Region: Northcentral	508
Graphical NexRad, Region: Northeast	1,495
Graphical NexRad, Region: Southcentral	526
Graphical NexRad, Region: Southeast	592

#### **VDL Mode 3 Data Flow**



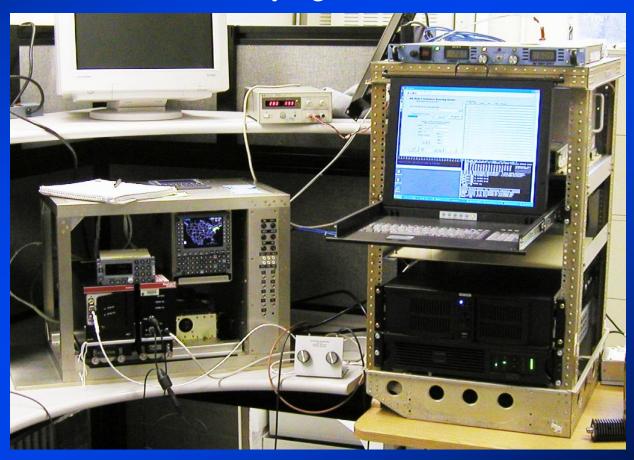


## VDL Mode 3 Lab Testing

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• Lab testing was conducted at both NASA GRC and at the FAA Technical Center. These tests were conducted in both cabled and RF environments, under varying attenuation schemes.



# **VDL Mode 3 Ramp Testing**





#### **VDL Mode 3 Flight Testing**



- Five flights (11hrs total) were conducted between April 10-13, 2005, using the FAA Technical Center VDL-3 ground station.
- Data analysis is currently underway



#### **Overall Architecture**

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**WINCOMM** 

Air to Air (1090ES) Turbulence Alerts/Warnings (~100nmi radius) 40,000 AGL 5,000 AGL Air to Ground **Ground to Air** (VDLM3) (VDLM3) • Turbulence Alerts •FIS-B Weather Products Pilot Requests for Weather Information **VDLM3 Ground Stations & Network Turbulence Data Collection Center Ground Station Weather Information Service** 

#### Summary



- All equipment modifications will be software based in order to allow the reception and transmission of these additional messages.
- All modifications will be made within the accepted standards or in a manner consistent with the standards.
- These changes are being worked closely with industry partners with a path toward certification.